EARTH'S MAGNETIC FIELD

Here are portrayed two views of our planet's geomagnetic field. On the left is the earth split open, with the north pole at the top and the south pole at the bottom. The magnetic core is shown darker in the center, with the lighter-colored mantle around it.

On the right is a typical coil of wire with electricity running through it, producing a small magnetic field.

The intensity of earth's magnetic field is strongest at the poles and weakest at the equator. The location of the magnetic poles change gradually over a period of time. At the present time, the field is inclined about 11° to the spin axis of the planet. Earth's magnetic field comprises about 90 percent of the magnetic field observed at ground level; the remainder is charged particles from the sun.

